

Bundesamt für Energie BFE
Office fédéral de l'énergie OFEN
Ufficio federale dell'energia UFE
Swiss Federal Office of Energy SFOE

**Swiss Confederation** 

# Swiss Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Activities in the Context of the National Energy Strategy 2050

Stefan Oberholzer, March 11, 2021



### **Contents**

- Swiss Energy and Climate Policy
- Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in Switzerland
  - Production, demand, actors
  - Green Hydrogen in Switzerland
  - Hydrogen mobility
  - Power-to-Gas
- SFOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Programme
- International Collaboration
- Conclusions

see presentation from Patrick Huber (H2 Energy) tomorrow



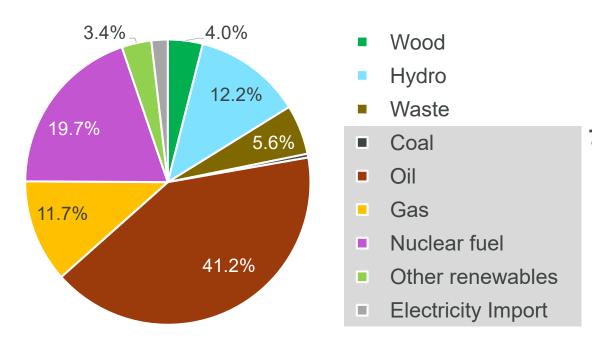
### **Switzerland**

surface: 41 285 km<sup>2</sup>

population: 8.4 millions

#### **Energy primary consumption: 300 TWh/a**

https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/en/home/supply/statistics-and-geodata/energy-statistics





75% from imports

H2 consumption: 0.5 GWh



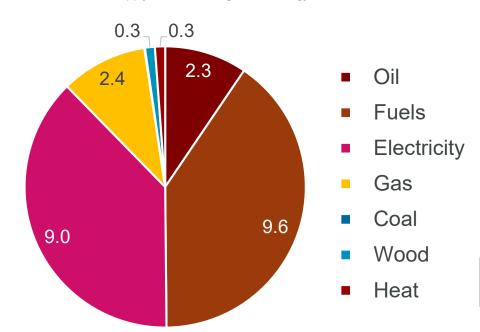
### **Switzerland**

surface: 41 285 km<sup>2</sup>

population: 8.4 millions

#### **Energy expenditures: 23.8 G€a (4% GDP)**

https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/en/home/supply/statistics-and-geodata/energy-statistics

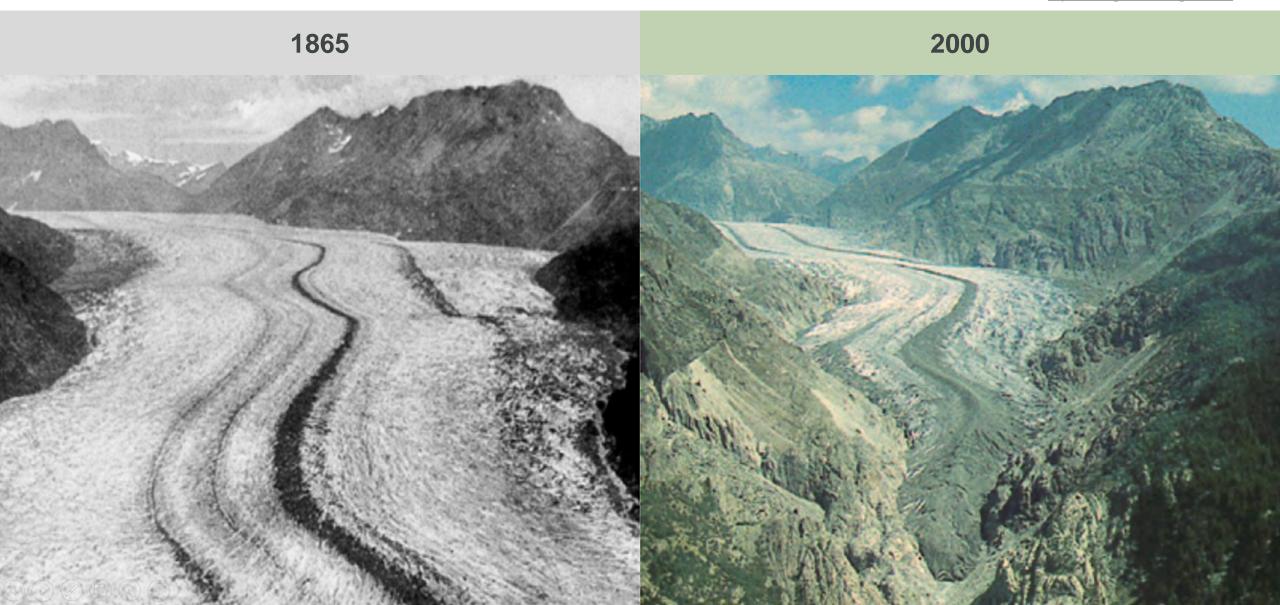




40 HRS @ 2 M€ / station = 0.08 G€

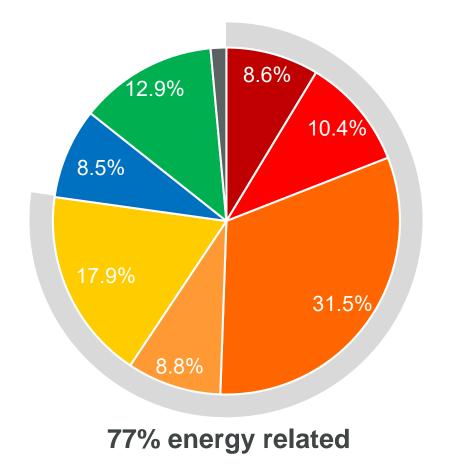
# Climate challenge

https://www.glamos.ch/en https://www.gletschervergleiche.ch





### Swiss greenhouse gas emissions



- Waste (energy)
- Industry
- Transport
- Services
- Households
- Industrial Processes
- Agriculture
- Waste







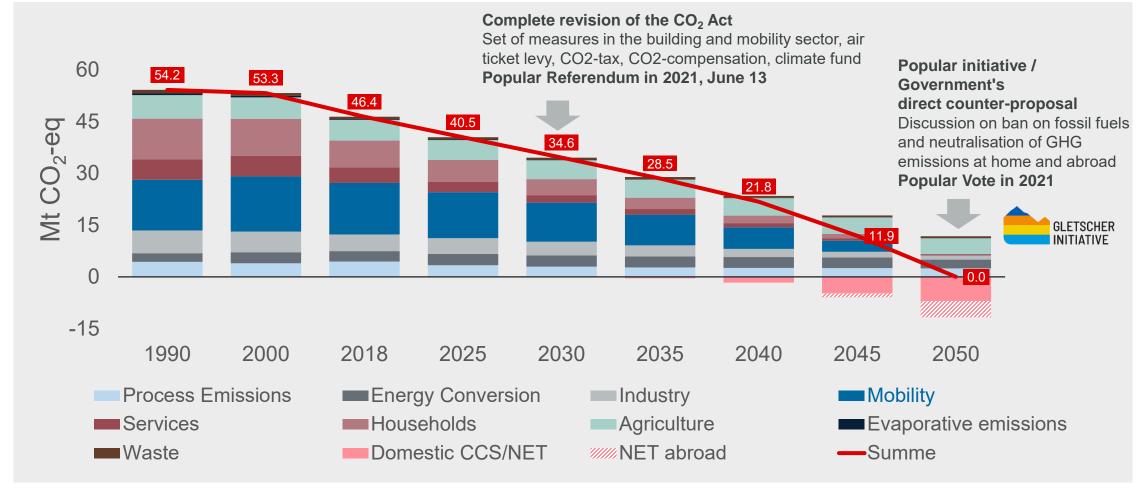




 $\underline{\text{https://www.bafu.admin.ch/bafu/en/home/topics/climate/state/data/greenhouse-gas-inventory.html}$ 



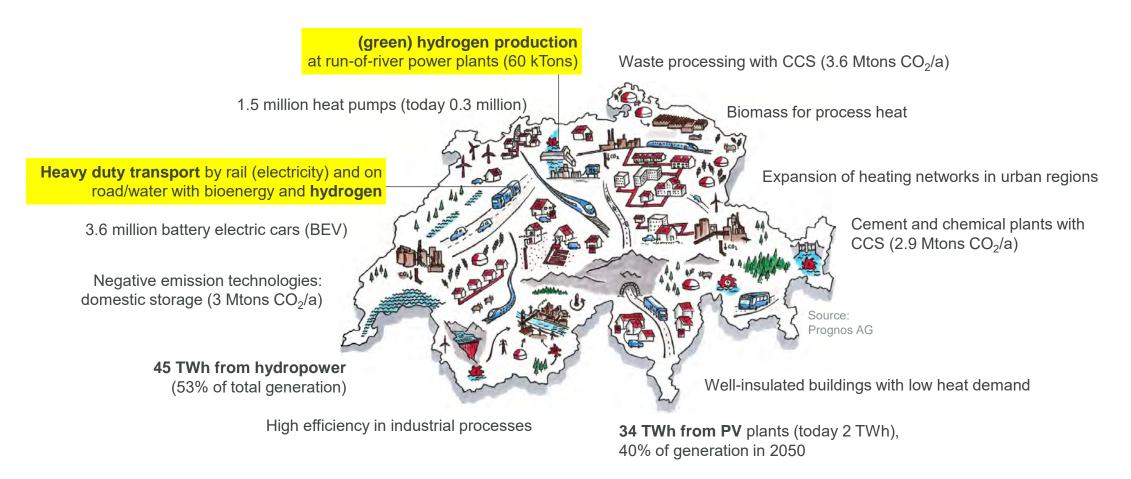
## Swiss greenhouse gas emissions: NET ZERO target by 2050



Quelle: Prognos AG / TEP Energy GmbH / INFRAS AG https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/de/home/politik/energieperspektiven-2050-plus.html



# Energy perspectives 2050+ published 26.11.2020, full scenarios published in 2021

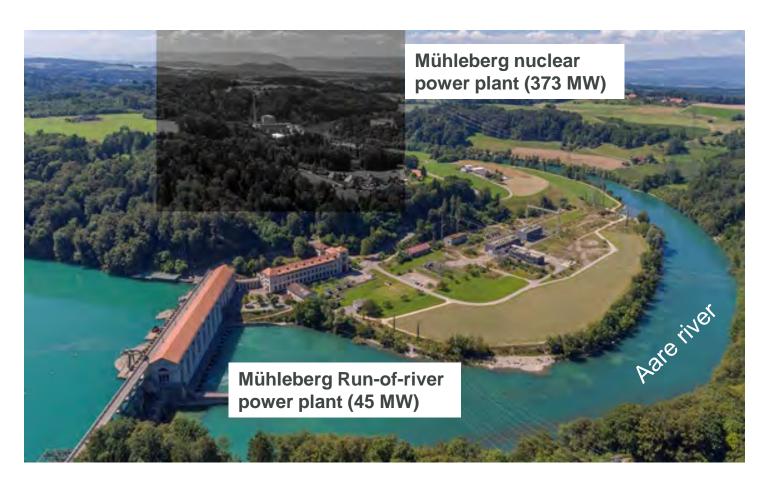


https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/de/home/politik/energieperspektiven-2050-plus.html



# Energy strategy 2050 Step out from nuclear power





Revised energy act («Energy strategy»)

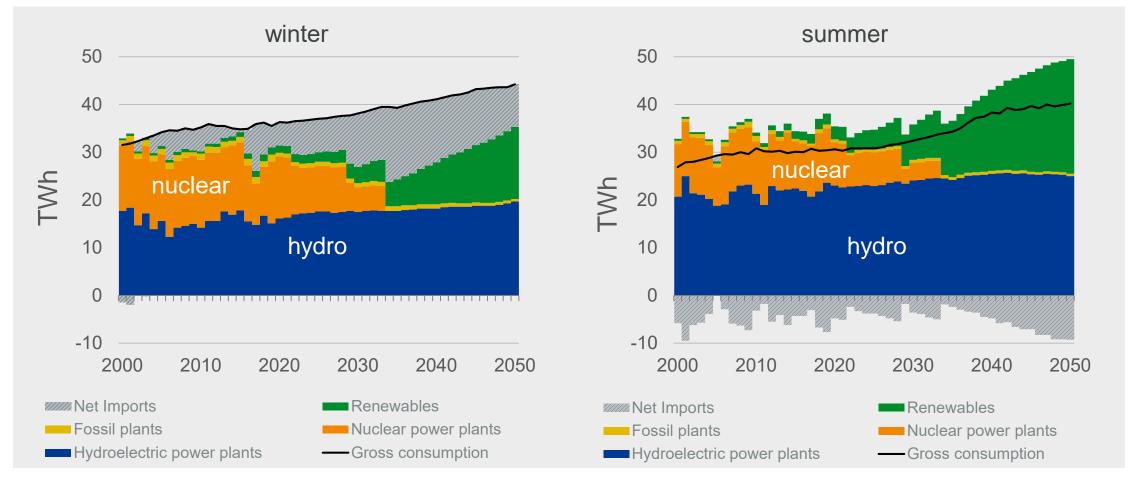
referendum 21.5.2017, in force since 1.1.2018

First Swiss nuclear power plant off grid **20.12.2019** after 47 years of operation (KKW Mühleberg, 373 MW, 3066 GWh 2018)



# Energy strategy 2050 Increase of renewable power



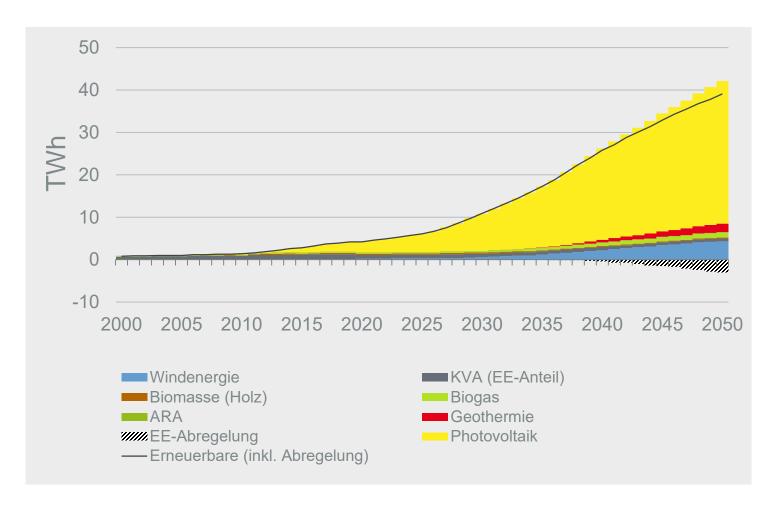


Quelle: Prognos AG / TEP Energy GmbH / INFRAS AG https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/de/home/politik/energieperspektiven-2050-plus.html

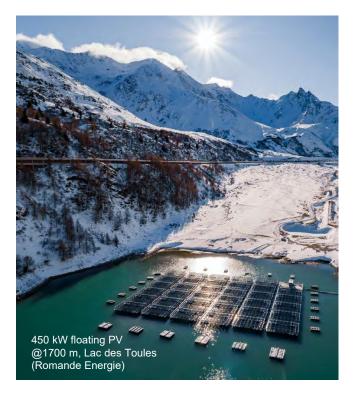


# Increase of renewable power from 2.2 to 34 TWh PV





Large PV potential: 67 TWh on buildings & infrastructures

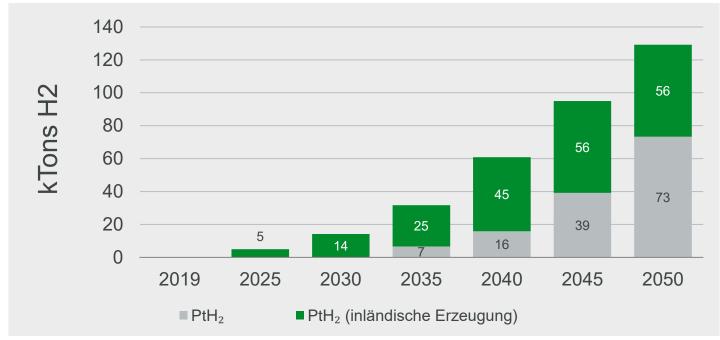


Quelle: Prognos AG / TEP Energy GmbH / INFRAS AG <a href="https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/de/home/politik/energieperspektiven-2050-plus.html">https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/de/home/politik/energieperspektiven-2050-plus.html</a>



# Role of green Hydrogen in the Energy perspectives 2050+ (published 26.11.2020)

Electricity-based energy carriers including hydrogen are needed to achieve the Net Zero target, especially in the transport sector



Quelle: Prognos AG / TEP Energy GmbH / INFRAS AG https://www.bfe.admin.ch/bfe/de/home/politik/energieperspektiven-2050-plus.html

56 kTons of H2 in 2050:

- 3 TWh (4%)
- 0.5 to 1 GW of electrolysis power

National Strategy on Green Hydrogen in preparation

https://www.parlament.ch/de/ratsbetrieb/suchecuria-vista/geschaeft?AffairId=20204406



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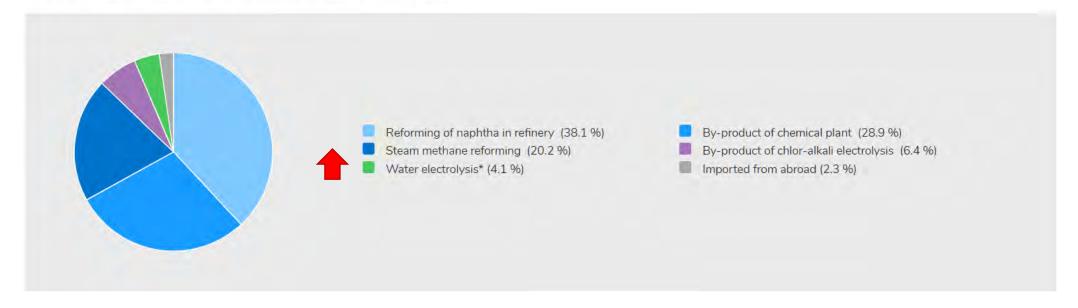
# Hydrogen production in Switzerland 22 kTons (95% fossile/grey)



#### Hydrogen production

Type of production	Tons/year	Energy feedstock	
Reforming of naphtha in refinery	8'300	Crude oil refining	
By-product of chemical plant	6'300	LPG	
Steam methane reforming	4'400	Natural gas	
By-product of chlor-alkali electrolysis	1'400	Electricity	
Water electrolysis*	900	Electricity	
Imported from abroad	500	Unknown	
Total	21'800		

<sup>\* 3.5</sup> MW AEL (Monthey), 2 MW PEM (Gösgen), 2 MW PEM (Dietikon), 0.5 MW PEM (R&D)



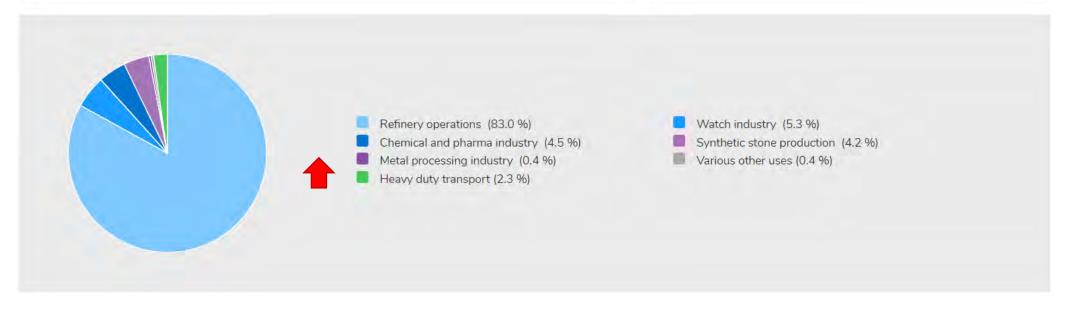


### **Hydrogen demand in Switzerland** 13 kTons



#### Hydrogen demand

Application	Tons/year	
Refinery operations	11'000	
Watch industry	700	
Chemical and pharma industry	600	
Synthetic stone production	550	
Metal processing industry	50	
Various other uses	50	
Heavy duty transport	300	
Total	13'250	



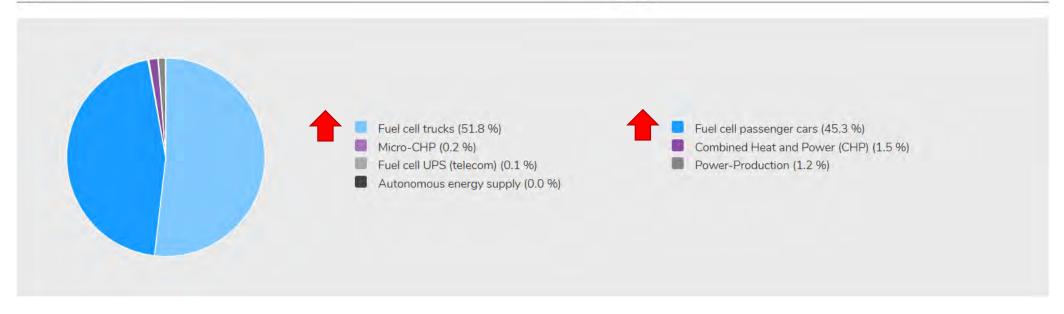


## Fuel Cell applications in Switzerland So far only for transport



#### Fuel cell applications

Application	Power (kW)	Description	#
Fuel cell trucks	8'930	Hyundai plus 1 Esoro/SwissHydrogen	47
Fuel cell passenger cars	7'800	Hyundai, Toyota, Diverse	130
Micro-CHP	30		20
Combined Heat and Power (CHP)	250	MCFC installation 2010	1
Fuel cell UPS (telecom)	12	Swisscom, Polycom	6
Power-Production	200	PSI (ESI)	1
Autonomous energy supply	8	Diverse pilots	2
Total	17'230		





#### Swiss actors in H2 and fuel cells





Swiss actors distributed along the entire value chain from materials, components, stacks, systems, balance of systems, end-use integration up to services

high level science institutes (PSI, ETH Zurich, EPF Lausanne, Empa, EPFL, etc.)

	Industry/ SMEs	Academia
Hydrogen	31	20
Fuel Cells	22	16
Other	12	2
total	65	38



# Green Hydrogen in Switzerland Electrolysis with clean power for industry

#### Historically:

- Increasing demand for hydrogen as a chemical feedstock by LONZA (Valais) in the 1940s
- Availability of cheap electricity from hydropower in the Alps
- Development of efficient alkaline pressure electrolysis by Ewald A. Zdansky
- Commercialisation by LURGI / IHT

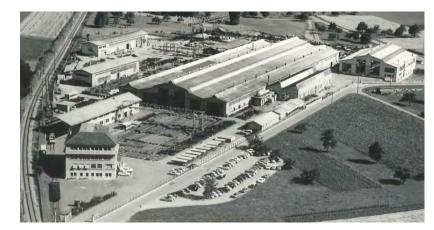
#### United States Patent Office

2,739,936

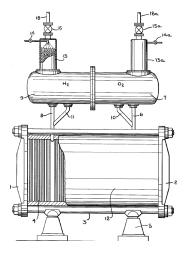
Patented Mar. 27, 1956

2,739,936
WATER ELECTROLYZER
Ewald A. Zdansky, Monthey, Switzerland

by enclosing the entire electrolyzer assembly in a pressuretight casing or tank, or preferably, by the likewise known construction of pressure-tight individual cells. A further essential condition has been found to be that the usual asbestos diaphragm separating the anode space from the cathode space should be carefully supported on either side, since the asbestos is to some degree weakened in its









# Green Hydrogen in Switzerland Electrolysis with clean power for industry



Production of Synthetic stones (jewellery/industy) (Verneuil process)

6.6 MW

Pressurised alkaline electrolyser (32bar): 760 Nm³/h

Efficiency: 4.3 kWh/Nm³

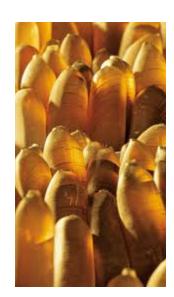
Installed capacity:

Annual energy demand: 40 GWh

Hydrogen storage: 20'000 m³ @ 30bar







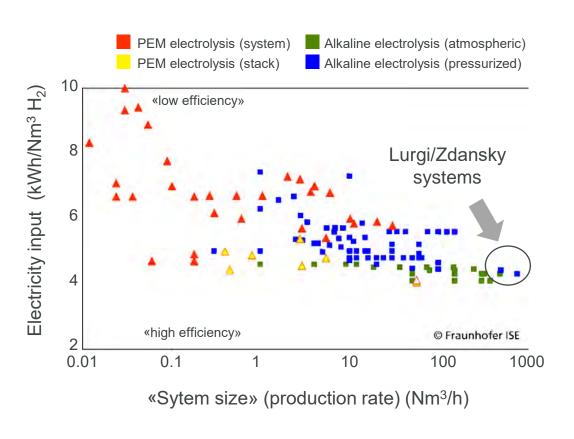


Source: DJEVA SA



# High efficient pressurized alkaline electrolysers

German company Sunfire (SOEC) acquired the Swiss electrolyser maker IHT (January 2021)



#### SUNFIRE-HYLINK ALKALINE



Source: Fraunhofer ISE (T. Smolinka, 2014)

Source: Sunfire



# Green Hydrogen in Switzerland Electrolysis with clean power for mobility



HYDROSPIDER AG: June, 2020 (in operation)

**2 MW PEM electrolysis** at run-of-river plant (51 MW) in

Gösgen (Alpiq) (no grid)

300 t/a of green H2 supply for FC trucks



greenH2 AG: 2022 (in planning)

**2.5 MW electrolysis** at run-of-river plant (100 MW) in Basel (no grid)

260 t/a of green H2 supply for FC trucks



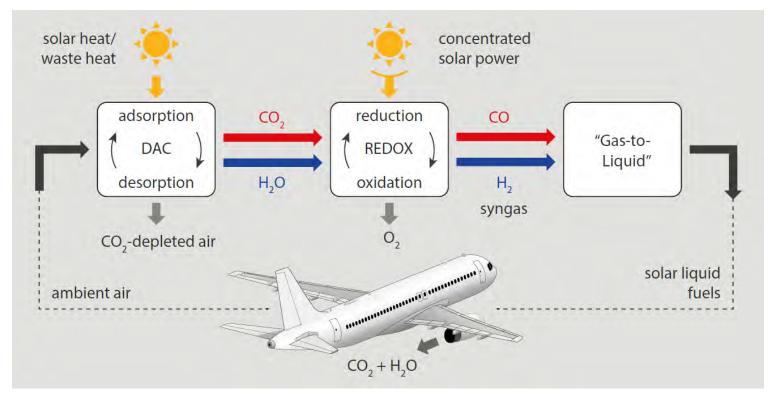
### **Green Hydrogen/Fuels from Solar**

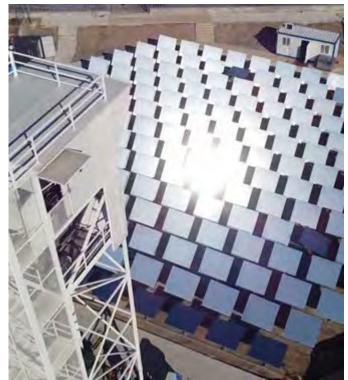






Use concentrated solar power to make solar hydrogen/fuels





See: https://prec.ethz.ch/research/solar-fuels.html



### **Green Hydrogen/Fuels from Solar**

### Scale-up







https://synhelion.com/

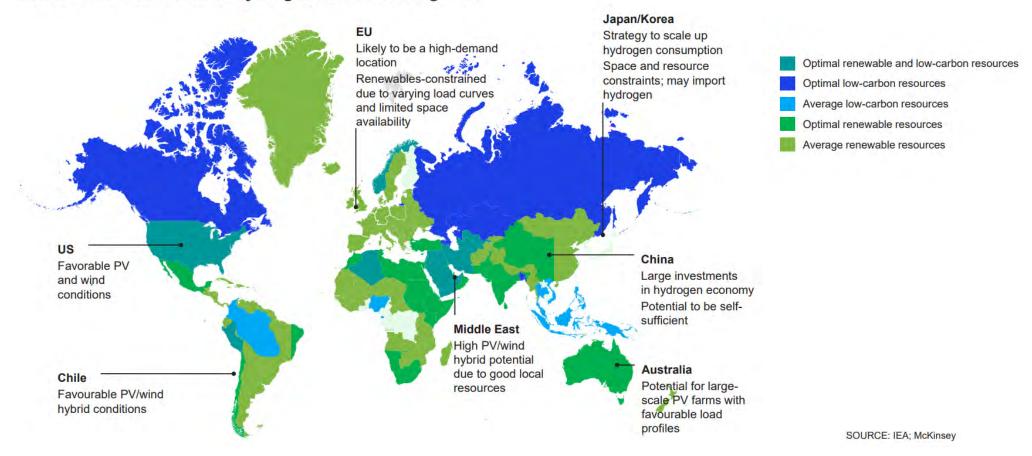
https://www.solarpaces.org/at-synhelion-solar-jet-fuels-get-ready-for-take-off/



### **Green Hydrogen**

### Imports?

#### Best source of low-carbon hydrogen in different regions



 $\underline{https://hydrogencouncil.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/Path-to-Hydrogen-Competitiveness \ Full-Study-1.pdf}$ 



### Hydrogen mobility in Switzerland

- No technology-oriented subsidies, but regulatory framework (e.g. tightening of CO<sub>2</sub> emission limits)
- Public support to build up competences (application oriented R&D) and for innovation (projects with SMEs)
- Public support for pilot & demonstration for experience building and basic infrastructure (clarification of approval procedure, technical feasibility, safety aspects, LCA)
- Foster stakeholder dialogue



Francois Isaac de Rivaz (1752-1828)

First vehicle with internal combustion engine using a mixture of hydrogen and oxygen, operated in Vevey (Switzerland) in 1813.



# Hydrogen mobility in Switzerland Bus demo 2011 to 2016







- first Swiss HRS: on-site production of green hydrogen
- very high operational reliability (>93%)
- five buses with total mileage of 1'370'000 km

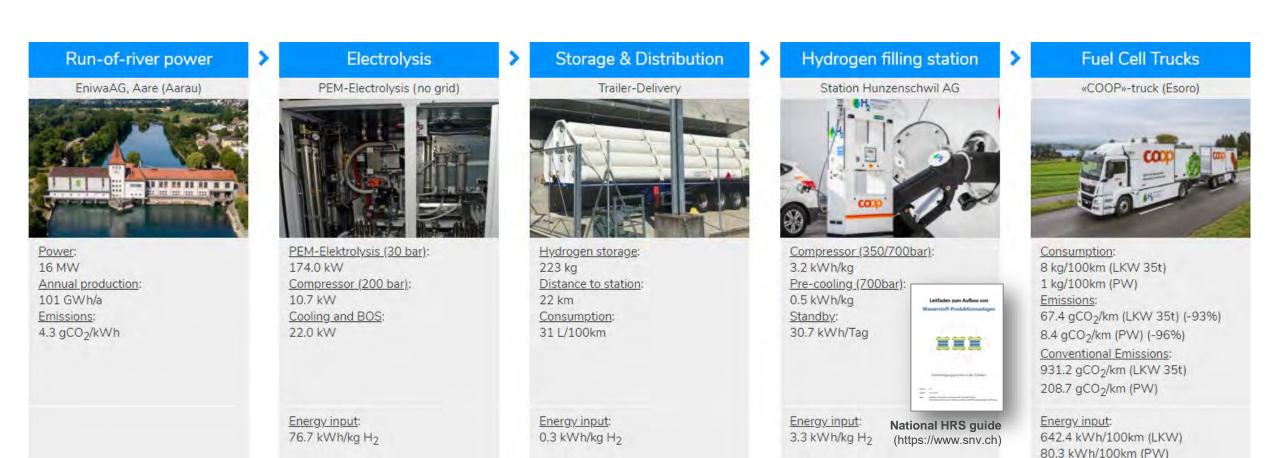








# Hydrogen mobility in Switzerland Truck demo & infrastructure demo 2016 to 2020



Public reports: www.aramis.admin.ch/Texte/?ProjectID=36922, www.aramis.admin.ch/Texte/?ProjectID=38263, www.aramis.admin.ch/Texte/?ProjectID=38378



# Roll out of H2 infrastructure 6 Hydrogen fuelling stations (w/o subsidies)



see presentation from Patrick Huber (H2 Energy) tomorrow





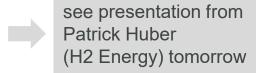




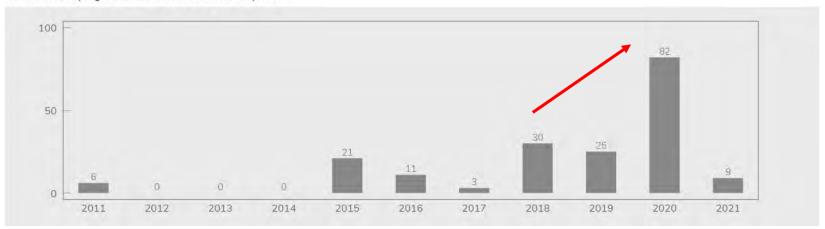
https://h2mobilitaet.ch/



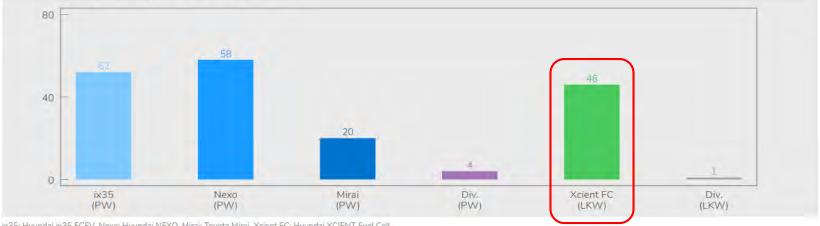
# ...and fuel cell electric vehicles especially trucks



Number of newly registered fuel cell vehicles in recent years



#### Cumulative number of fuel cell vehicles registered on Swiss roads



ix35: Hyundai ix35 FCEV, Nexo: Hyundai NEXO, Mirai: Toyota Mirai, Xcient FC: Hyundai XCIENT Fuel Cell



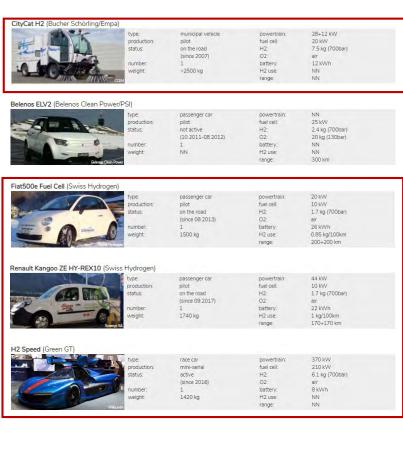


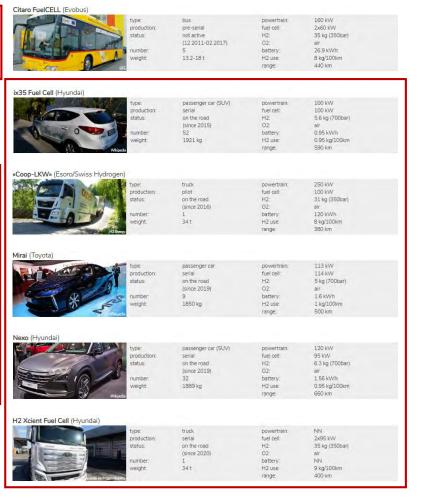


# History of Swiss Hydrogen powered vehicles



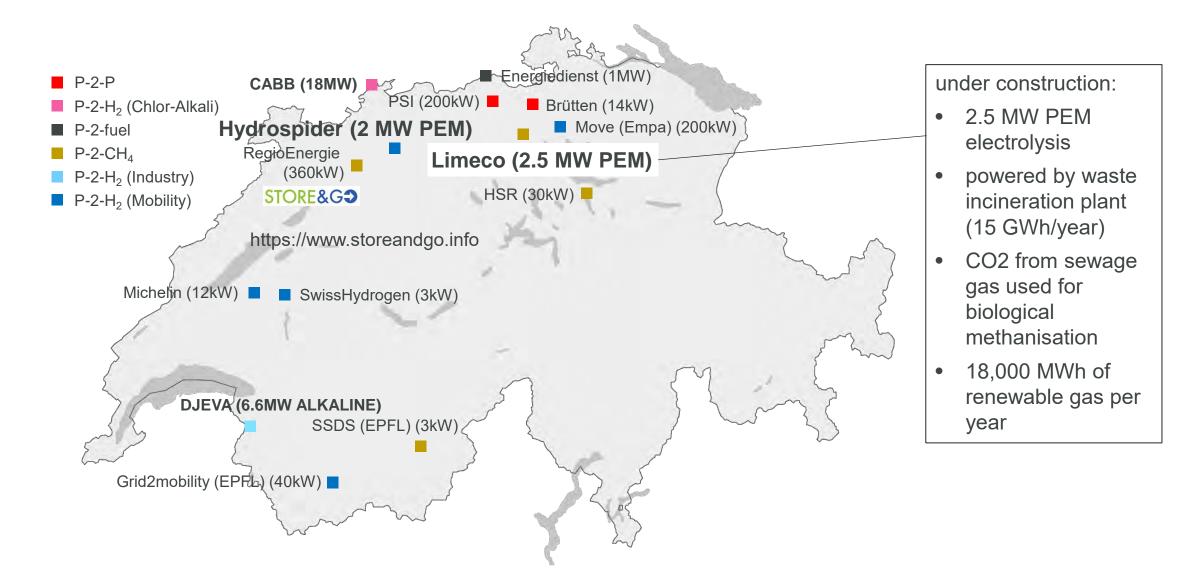
Hydrocat (Swiss Alps 3000)				
	type: production: status: number: weight:	snowcat pilot not active (3.2004) 1 NN	powertrain: fuel cell: H2: O2: battery: H2 use: range:	NN none (ICE) 5 kg (300kg MH) air NN NN NN
HyCarPRO (Esoro)	type: production: status: number: weight:	concept car pilot not active (2001) 1 1160 kg	powertrain: fuel cell: H2: O2: battery: H2 use: range:	35 kW 6 kW 2.5 kg (200bar) air NN NN 360 km
Hy-SAM (BFH/Cree AG)	type: production: status: number: weight:	passenger car pilot not active (2004) 1 NN	powertrain: fuel cell: H2: O2: battery: H2 use: range:	15 kW 6 kW 0.3 kg (18 kg MH) air NN NN NN
Hy-light (Michelin/PSI)	type: production: status: number: weight	passenger car pilot not active (2004) 1 850 kg	powertrain: fuel cell: H2: O2: battery: H2 use: range:	30 kW 30 kW NN (350bar) NN NN NN 400 km
PAC-Car II (ETH Zurich)	type: production: status: number; weight:	concept car pilot not active (2005) 1 32 kg	powertrain: fuel cell: H2: O2: battery; H2 use: range:	NN Q, B, WV NN air NN NN





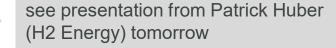


#### Power-to-Gas



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- SFOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Programme
- **International Collaboration**
- Conclusions



### SFOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Programme R&D and pilote & demonstration

#### Renewable Energy

















- Biomass & Wood
- Hydrogen
- Photovoltaics
- CSP & Solar Process Heat
- Solar Heating and Cooling
- Geothermal Energy
- Wind
- Hydropower
- Dams

#### **Energy Efficiency**



















- Buildings
- Transports & Accumulators
- Grids
- Process engineering
- Electricty technology
- Fuel Cells
- Heat Pumps, Cogeneration, Refrigeration
- Combustion

#### Nuclear Energy (not SFOE)





- Regulatory Safety Research
- Nuclear Technology and Safety
- Nuclear Fusion
- Nuclear Waste

#### **Cross-sectional Themes**



Energy policy fundamentals



### Main topics in SFOE H2 and FC programme

The funds available in the SFOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Program are used as seed money to coordinate and initiate various activities in national research and demonstration projects.

#### Fuel cells for stationary applications: SOFC & PEFC

- Micro CHP with SOFC (R&D, Demo): lifetime, degradation, costs
- Gas-to-Power: larger PEFC system for storage
- Back-up power systems (UPS)

#### Fuel cells for automotive applications: PEFC

- PEFC R&D: lifetime, degradation, modelling
- PEFC system: 10-30 kW for EV range extender
- BoS: efficient turbo compressor for PEFC systems

#### Hydrogen

- Production from renewables (Solar Hydrogen, PEC, high temperature solar, electrolysis)
- Storage (metal hydrides, compressed H2)
- Hydrogen compression
- Hydrogen refueling



#### International Collaboration

Cooperation within the framework of the International Energy Agency (IEA) is of particular importance to Switzerland. The SFOE participates in various IEA "Technology Collaboration Programmes", where FC and H2 is a topic:















On a European level, Swiss actors strongly participate in FCH JU



Swiss Hydrogen SA (Plastic Omnium) is involved in the Hydrogen Council

H2 Energy AG: board member of Hydrogen Europe



#### **Conclusions**

- Hydrogen mobility complements pure battery electric mobility to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in transport.
- Clear political framework conditions and a sufficiently fast ramp-up are important to become economically viable in the near term. Private initiatives in Switzerland have been pioneering here.
- The availability of green hydrogen is important, as well as the exact labelling (trading).
- The increase in renewable energies must be significantly accelerated, which will free up capacities for hydrogen production. This renders discussions about hydrogen, which revolve solely around efficiency, superfluous.

# Thank you for your attention

